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Question Paper Code : 80334

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2016.

Third Semester

Electronics and Communication Engineering

EC 6303 – SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

(Common to Biomedical Engineering and Medical Electronics Engineering)

(Regulations 2013)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A — (10 × 2 = 20 marks)

1. Give the mathematical and graphical representation of a continuous time and discrete time unit impulse functions.
2. State the difference between causal and non causal system.
3. Find the Fourier series representation of the signal $x(t) = \frac{\cos 2\pi t}{3}$ and determine the Fourier series coefficients.
4. Find the Laplace transform of $x(t) = e^{-at} u(t)$.
5. Convolve the following signals $u(t-1)$ and $\delta(t-1)$.
6. Given $H(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 + 2s + 1}$. Find the differential equation representation of the system.
7. Find the Nyquist rate of the signal $x(t) = \sin 200\pi t - \cos 100\pi t$
8. Find the Z-transform of the signal and its associated ROC $x[n] = \{2, -1, 3, 0, 2\}$.

9. Convolve the following sequences

$$x[n] = \{1, 2, 3\}$$

$$h[n] = \{1, 1, 2\}.$$

10. Given the system function $H(z) = 2 + 3z^{-1} + 4z^{-3} - 5z^{-4}$. Determine the impulse response $h[n]$.

PART B — (5 × 13 = 65 marks)

11. (a) Determine whether the system is Linear, Time Invariant, Causal and

$$\text{memoryless } y(t) = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^t x(z) dz.$$

Or

- (b) Sketch the following signals

$$(i) u(-t+2)$$

$$(ii) r(-t+3)$$

$$(iii) 2\delta[n+2] + \delta[n] - 2\delta[n-1] + 3\delta[n-3]$$

$$(iv) u[n+2] u[-n+3]$$

where $u(t)$, $r(t)$, $\delta[n]$, $u[n]$ represent continuous time unit step, continuous time ramp, discrete time impulse and discrete time step functions respectively.

12. (a) Find the Fourier transform of the signal $x(t) = \cos \Omega_0 t u(t)$.

Or

- (b) State and prove the multiplication and convolution property of Fourier transform.

13. (a) Convolve the following signals

$$x(t) = e^{-3t} u(t)$$

$$h(t) = u(t+3).$$

Or

- (b) A system is described by the differential equation

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) + 6 \frac{d}{dt} y(t) + 8y(t) = \frac{d}{dt} x(t) + x(t). \text{ Find the transfer function and the output signal } y(t) \text{ for } x(t) = \delta(t).$$

14. (a) (i) Discuss the effects of undersampling a signal using necessary diagrams. (5)

- (ii) Find the Z-transform of $x[n] = a^n u[n] - b^n u[-n-1]$ and specify its ROC. (8)

Or

- (b) (i) Give the relation between Discrete Time Fourier Transform (DTFT) and Z-transform. (5)

- (ii) State and prove the time shifting property and time reversal property of Z-transform. (8)

15. (a) Convolve the following signals

$$x[n] = u[n] - u[n-3]$$

$$h[n] = (0.5)^n u[n].$$

Or

- (b) Determine whether the given system is stable by finding $H(z)$ and plotting the pole-zero diagram

$$y[n] = 2y[n-1] - 0.8y[n-2] + x[n] + 0.8x[n-1].$$

PART C — (1 × 15 = 15 marks)

16. (a) A causal system has input $x[n]$ and output $y[n]$. Find the

- (i) System function $H(z)$. (4)

- (ii) Impulse Response $h[n]$. (6)

- (iii) Frequency response $H(e^{j\omega})$. (5)

$$x[n] = \delta[n] + \frac{1}{6}\delta[n-1] - \frac{1}{6}\delta[n-2]$$

$$h[n] = \delta[n]^6 - \frac{2}{3}\delta[n-1].$$

Or

- (b) Find the response $y(t)$ of a continuous time system using Laplace

transform with transfer function $H(s) = \frac{1}{(s+2)(s+3)}$ for an input

$$x(t) = e^{-t}u(t).$$