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Reg. No. :

Question Paper Code: 40953

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL /MAY 2018 Third Semester

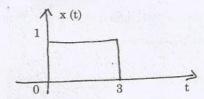
Electronics and Communication Engineering EC 6303 – SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS (Common to Biomedical Engineering/Medical Electronics) (Regulations 2013)

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL questions

PART - A (10×2=20 Marks

1. Represent the following signal in terms of the unit step function.



- 2. What is a random signal? Give an example.
- 3. Find the Fourier series representation of the signal $x(t) = \cos \frac{2\pi}{3}t$.
- 4. Give Parseval's relation for continuous time Fourier transform.
- 5. Given the input x(t) = u(t) and $h(t) = \delta(t-1)$. Find the response y(t).
- 6. Given $X(s) = \frac{3}{s+2}$, ROC: Re $\{s\} > -2$. Find x (t).
- 7. Find the Nyquist rate for the signal x (t) = $1 + \cos 10 \pi t$, in Hz.

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40953 8. Find the Inverse DTFT of X ($e^{j\omega}$) = 2 $e^{j\omega}$ + 1 - 2 $e^{-2j\omega}$. 9. Draw the block diagram representation of the system given its input output relationship $y[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{4} h(k) x(n-k).$ 10. Convolve the following signals $x[n] = \{1, 2, -2\}$ and $h[n] = \{1, 2, 2\}$. PART - B (5×13=65 Marks) 11. a) i) How the unit impulse function $\delta\left(t\right)\!,$ unit step function $u\left(t\right)$ and ramp function r (t) can be related? Also give the Mathematical representation and graphical representation of the above three functions. (6) ii) Determine whether the following signals is periodic. If a signal is periodic, determine its fundamental period. a) $x(t) = \cos \frac{\pi}{3} t + \sin \frac{\pi}{4} t$ (4) b) $x[n] = \cos \frac{n}{4}$ (3) (OR) b) Determine whether the system y[n] = 2x(n-2) is memoryless, causal, linear, time invariant, invertible and stable. Justify your answers. 12. a) Find the Fourier series representation for the signal $x(t) = 2 + \cos 4t + \sin 6t$ and plot its magnitude and phase spectrum. b) State and prove any three properties of continuous Time Fourier Transform. 13. a) Given the differential equation representation of a continuous time system. $\frac{d}{dt}y(t) + 2y(t) = x(t)$ Find the response y(t) for the input $x(t) = e^{-3t} u(t)$ using Laplace transform. (OR)

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b) A	A continuous time LTI s	system is represented by the	e following differential
	equation.		
	$\frac{\mathrm{d}^2}{\mathrm{d}t^2}y(t) + 3\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}y(t) + 2y(t)$	t) = 2x(t)	
1	Determine the impulse	response of the system usin	ng Fourier transform.
	Find the Z- transform of the sequence $x[n] = a^n u[n] + b^n u[-n-1]$. Considering the two conditions $a > b$ and $a < b$.		
	(OR)		
	If $X(e^{j\omega})$ is the DTFT of $X(e^{j\omega})$ using DTFT pro	of x [n]. Find the DTFT of (roperties.	$(n-1)^2 \times [n]$ in terms of
	Convolve the following $x [n] = a^n u [n], a < 1$	sequences	
	h [n] = u [n]		
	(OR)		
b)	The system function H	$f(z)$ is given by $H(z) = \frac{z}{(z - \frac{1}{2})^2}$	$\frac{z^2}{2(z-1)^2} ROC: z > \frac{1}{2}$.
	Determine the step res		$J(Z-\gamma_2)$
		PART – C	(1×15=15 Marks)
16. a)	State and explain sa illustrations.	ampling theorem with n	ecessary equations and
	(OR)		
	produced by this system	is both linear and time inv m for an impulse input is {1	, 2, 3}.
		for the following inputs and	d justify your answer : (5)
	 i) δ [n - 2] ii) δ [n] - 2δ [n - 1] 		(5)
			(5)
	iii) {1, 2, 3}.		(9)
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