Register No.:		
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# 482

# October 2017

<u>Time - Three hours</u> (Maximum Marks: 75)

[N.B: (1) Q.No. 8 in PART - A and Q.No. 16 in PART - B are compulsory. Answer any FOUR questions from the remaining in each PART - A and PART - B.

- (2) Answer division (a) or division (b) of each question in PART-C.
- (3) Each question carries 2 marks in PART A, 3 marks in Part B and 10 marks in PART C.]

## PART - A

- 1. What are transactional databases?
- 2. What do you mean by normalization?
- 3. What are called conversion functions?
- 4. How do you stop connections to MySQL server?
- 5. What are save points?
- 6. Name some storage engines used in MySQL.
- 7. Write the syntax for creating cursor.
- 8. Define big data.

### PART - B

- 9. Write about any three characteristics of database.
- 10. What are the benefits of normal forms?
- 11. Explain how pattern matching is done.
- 12. Write the syntax of creating, altering and deleting a sequence.
- 13. What are the advantages of views?
- 14. Write down any six features of memory storage engine.
- 15. Write any three differences between RDBMS and NoSQL databases.
- 16. Write the purpose of LEAVE, ITERATE and REPEAT statements.

[Turn over...

### PART - C

17. (a) Explain relational and network data models.

(Or)

- (b) (i) Explain one to one, one to many and many to many relationships.
  - (ii) Explain 1st normal form.
- 18. (a) Write the syntax and example of the commands used for the following table operations.

(i) Creating (ii) Altering (iii) Renaming (iv) Copying.

(Or)

- (b) With proper examples, explain the following flow control statements.(i) IF (ii) CASE (iii) LOOP.
- 19. (a) Explain indexes with examples.

(Or)

- (b) Explain creating and updating views with examples.
- 20. (a) With an example, explain creating, calling and deleting stored function.

(Or

- (b) Explain how triggers are created and deleted with syntax and examples.
- 21. (a) Explain the architecture and applications of data warehouse.

(Or)

(b) Explain the different types of data stores in NoSQL.