Register No.:	27

718

October 2017

Time - Three hours (Maximum Marks: 75)

[N.B: (1) Q.No. 8 in PART - A and Q.No. 16 in PART - B are compulsory. Answer any FOUR questions from the remaining in each PART - A and PART - B.

- (2) Answer division (a) or division (b) of each question in PART-C.
- (3) Each question carries 2 marks in PART A, 3 marks in Part B and 10 marks in PART C.]

PART - A

- What is an extrinsic semiconductor? Name the types of semiconductor.
- What is a filter? List the types of filter.
- 3. Draw the circuit of self bias circuit.
- 4. Name the types of negative feedback.
- 5. What is an oscillator? Name any two types of oscillator.
- Draw the equivalent circuit of UJT.
- 7. Draw the symbol of MOSFET (P channel and N channel).
- 8. What is a solar cell? Draw the symbol of solar cell.

PART - B

- Explain drift and diffusion current in PN junction.
- 10. Draw the circuit of a voltage regulator using zener diode.
- 11. Compare CB, CE and CC transistor configuration.
- 12. List the classification of amplifiers.
- Name the classification of FET.
- Explain SCR as a switch.
- 15. Expand LED, LDR. Draw the symbol of them.
- 16. Draw the circuit of Schmitt trigger using transistor.

[Turn over...

PART - C

17. (a) Explain the working of a bridge rectifier with relevant waveforms.

(Or)

- (b) Explain about Zener diode construction and working principle with diagram.
- 18. (a) Draw the circuit of RC coupled amplifier and explain.

(Or)

- (b) Explain about: (1) Transistor as an amplifier (2)Transistor as a switch.
- 19. (a) Explain the operation of Hartley oscillator.

(Or)

- (b) Explain about operation and characteristics of UJT with simple diagram.
- 20. (a) Explain the VI characteristics of DIAC with a neat circuit diagram.

(Or)

- (b) With diagram, explain the working principle of SCR and draw the transistor analogy of SCR.
- (a) Explain the operation of an astable multivibrator using transistors. Draw the output waveforms.

(Or

(b) Explain the working of (i) Positive clipper (ii) Negative clamper and (iii) LED.