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**Question Paper Code : 53243**

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, APRIL/MAY 2019.

First Semester

Civil Engineering

MA 6151 – MATHEMATICS – I

(Common to all branches except Marine Engineering)

(Regulation 2013)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A — (10 × 2 = 20 marks)

- Find the characteristic equation of the matrix  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ .
- Write down the quadratic form corresponding to the matrix  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 5 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$ .
- Examine the nature of the series  $1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + \dots + n + \dots \infty$ .
- State the Leibnitz's rule.
- Show that the family of straight lines  $2y - 4x + a = 0$  has no envelope, where 'a' is a parameter.
- Define the following terms : Radius of Curvature, Center of curvature.
- State two important properties of Jacobians.
- Write the formula for Taylor's expansion of  $f(x, y)$  about the point  $(a, b)$  upto second degree terms.

9. Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \int_0^1 xyz \, dx \, dy \, dz$ .

10. Change the order of integration in  $\int_{-2}^1 \int_{x^2+4x}^{3x+2} dy \, dx$ .

PART B — (5 × 16 = 80 marks)

11. (a) (i) Find all the eigen values and eigen vectors of the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -6 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (10)$$

- (ii) Using Cayley-Hamilton theorem, find the inverse of the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (6)$$

Or

- (b) Find the orthogonal transformation which transforms the quadratic form  $x^2 + 3y^2 + 3z^2 - 2yz$  to canonical form. Also determine the index, signature and nature of the quadratic form. (16)

12. (a) (i) Prove that the Geometric series with common ratio 'r' is convergent if  $|r| < 1$ , divergent if  $r \geq 1$  and oscillatory if  $r \leq -1$ . (8)

- (ii) Discuss the series for convergence :  $1 - \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} - \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots \infty$ . (8)

Or

- (b) (i) Test the series for convergence :  $1 + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{2^2}{3^3} + \frac{3^3}{4^4} + \dots$  by comparison test. (8)

- (ii) Test the convergence of the series :  $\frac{1}{6} - \frac{2}{11} + \frac{3}{16} - \frac{4}{21} + \frac{5}{26} - \dots \infty$ . (8)

13. (a) (i) Find the evolute of the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ . (10)

- (ii) Show that the radius of curvature of any point (x,y) of the rectangular hyperbola  $xy = c^2$  is given by  $\rho = \frac{(x^2 + y^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2}$ . (6)

Or

(b) (i) Find the center and circle of curvature of the curve  $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = \sqrt{a}$  at the point  $(\frac{a}{4}, \frac{a}{4})$ . (8)

(ii) Find the evolute of the hyperbola  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$  considering it as the envelope of its normals. (8)

14. (a) (i) If  $u = \frac{x+y}{1-xy}$  and  $v = \tan^{-1} x + \tan^{-1} y$ , find  $\frac{\partial(u, v)}{\partial(x, y)}$ . Find also a relation between  $u$  and  $v$ , if it exists. (8)

(ii) Using Taylor's series, expand  $\sin x \sin y$  in powers of  $x$  and  $y$  upto the terms of third degree. (8)

Or

(b) (i) Find the dimensions of the rectangular box without a top of maximum capacity, whose surface area is 108 sq.cm. (8)

(ii) If  $z = x^y + y^x$ , then prove that  $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y \partial x}$ . (8)

15. (a) (i) Change the order of integration and evaluate  $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} \frac{\cos^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \sqrt{1-x^2-y^2}} dx dy$ . (8)

(ii) Find by triple integral, the volume of the tetrahedron bounded by the coordinate planes and the plane  $x + y + z = 1$ . (8)

Or

(b) (i) Evaluate, through the change of variables, the double integral  $\iint_R (x+y)^3 e^{-(x-y)} dx dy$  where  $R$  is the square with vertices  $(1, 0)$ ,  $(2, 1)$ ,  $(1, 2)$  and  $(0, 1)$  using the transformation  $u = x + y$  and  $v = x - y$ . (8)

(ii) Find the area between the parabolas  $y^2 = 4ax$  and  $x^2 = 4ay$ . (8)